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November 5, 2020

Hon. Paul G. Gardephe
40 Foley Square, Room 2204
New York, NY 10007

Memo Endorsed: This conference is adjourned
until December 10, 2020 at 10:15 a.m.

SO ORDERED.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Paul G. Gardephe", is written over a horizontal line.

Paul G. Gardephe
United States District Judge

Dated: November 6, 2020

Re: *A.R., on behalf of R.R-F., a child with a disability v. New
York City Dept. of Educ.* Case No. 1:20-cv-1874

Dear Hon. Gardephe:

I represent the Plaintiff in this matter. I have met and conferred with Defendant's counsel for the parties' compliance with the Court's September 20, 2020 Notice of Pretrial Conference, for the Initial Pretrial Conference currently scheduled for November 12, 2020. Unfortunately, the parties are currently at impasse on the development of a joint letter and proposed Case Management Plan; however, counsel on both sides believe that additional time to discuss potential resolution of the merits would be benefit such development.

Plaintiff respectfully requests, with Defendant's consent, a one-month adjournment of the Thursday, November 12, 2020 Initial Pretrial Conference to Thursday, December 10, 2020, together with a corresponding one-month extension of the deadline for a joint letter and proposed Case Management Plan. While Defendant's time to respond to the Answer included four requests for extension (all of which were granted), this would be the first adjournment of the Initial Pretrial Conference and, accordingly, the first extension of the joint letter and proposed Case Management Plan. In case the Court denies this request, Plaintiff attaches her proposed Case Management Plan.

The substantive action arises from conduct by the DOE that reflects systemic practices and policies concerning the non-appointment of Impartial Hearing Officers in administrative proceedings brought under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act ("IDEA"), leading to greater violations of both procedural and substantive due process rights, the Americans with Disabilities Act ("ADA"), and 42 U.S.C. § 1983, together with New York State laws and regulations implementing the federal statutes. If any motion practice is necessary, Plaintiff contemplates that these matters would be resolved on summary judgment following discovery. Defendant has conveyed that it does not believe that discovery would be necessary. The parties are continuing to discuss potential settlement, and believe resolution remains possible.

Respectfully,

s/ Benjamin M. Kopp
Benjamin M. Kopp

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

A.R. on behalf of R.R-F., a child with
a disability,

Plaintiff(s),

- against -

New York City Department of Education,

Defendant(s).

CIVIL CASE MANAGEMENT PLAN
AND SCHEDULING ORDER

20 Civ. 01874 (PGG)

PAUL G. GARDEPHE, U.S.D.J.:

After consultation with counsel for the parties, the Court adopts the following Civil Case Management Plan and Scheduling Order, in accordance with Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 16 and 26(f).

1. All parties **do** ☐ / **do not** ☒ consent to conducting further proceedings before a Magistrate Judge, including motions and trial, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(c).
[Check one.]
2. This case **is** ☐ / **is not** ☒ to be tried to a jury. [Check one.]
3. No additional parties may be joined except with leave of the Court. Except for good cause shown, any motion to join additional parties must be filed within 30 days from the date of this Order.
4. A party may not amend its pleadings except with leave of the Court. Except for good cause shown, any motion to amend pleadings must be filed within 30 days from the date of this Order.
5. The parties must complete their initial disclosures under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(a)(1) no later than 14 days from the date of this Order.
6. The parties must complete fact discovery no later than 2/10/2021.
[Insert date; typically 90 days from issuance of this scheduling order.]
7. If all parties consent in writing, they may extend the following interim deadlines without application to the Court, provided that the parties complete all fact discovery by the date set forth in paragraph 6. Under this Order's interim deadlines, the parties must:

- a. Serve initial requests for production of documents by 11/25/2020. **[Insert date; typically 2 weeks from issuance of this scheduling order.]**
 - b. Serve interrogatories by 11/25/2020. **[Insert date; typically 2 weeks out from issuance of this scheduling order.]**
 - c. Complete depositions of fact witnesses by 2/10/2021. **[Insert date; typically 90 days from issuance of this scheduling order.]**
 - i. Unless the parties agree or the Court so orders, the parties may not hold depositions until all parties have responded to initial requests for document production.
 - ii. There is no priority in deposition by reason of a party's status as plaintiff or defendant.
 - iii. Unless the parties agree or the Court so orders, non-party depositions must follow initial party depositions.
 - iv. Consistent with Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 30(d), the parties may not extend depositions beyond one business day without prior leave of the Court.
 - d. Serve requests to admit no later than 1/26/2021. **[Insert date; typically 75 days out from issuance of this scheduling order.]**
8. The parties must complete expert discovery no later than N/A. **[Insert date; typically 30 days after end of fact discovery.]**
- a. Every party-proponent that intends to offer expert testimony in respect of a claim – including any counterclaim, cross-claim or third-party claim – must make the disclosures required by Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(a)(2) by N/A. **[Insert date; typically 90 days from issuance of this order.]**
Every party-opponent of such claim that intends to offer expert testimony in respect of such claim must make the disclosures required by Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(a)(2) by N/A. **[Insert date; typically 2 weeks later.]**
 - b. No party may offer expert testimony – whether designated as “rebuttal” or otherwise – beyond the scope of the opinions that the aforesaid disclosures cover, except with leave of the Court, application for which must be made no later than 7 calendar days after the latter of the dates specified in paragraph 8(a). The parties

may depose all experts, but such depositions must occur within the time limit set forth for expert discovery in paragraph 8.

- c. Plaintiff(s) anticipate expert testimony concerning the following issue(s):

N/A

- d. Defendant(s) anticipate expert testimony concerning the following issue(s):

N/A

9. No later than 14 days following the close of fact discovery, all counsel must meet face-to-face for at least one hour to discuss settlement.
10. Parties seeking to make post-discovery dispositive motions should submit a letter to the Court in accordance with Rule 4(A) of the Court's Individual Practices by 2/17/2021. **[Insert date; typically 1 week after the close of discovery.]** Opposition letters are due 2/22/2021. **[Insert date; typically 3 business days later.]**
11. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, within 30 days from the date for the completion of discovery in a civil case or, if a party has filed a dispositive motion, then within 30 days of a decision resolving the motion, the parties shall submit to the Court for its approval a joint pretrial order prepared in accordance with the Court's Individual Practices and Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(a)(3).
12. Counsel for the parties have conferred and their present best estimate of the length of trial is: N/A. **[Insert number of days.]**
13. At the close of discovery or, if a party has filed a dispositive motion, then within 30 days of a decision resolving the motion, the Court will set a Ready Trial Date. At any time on or after the Ready Trial Date, the Court may call the parties to trial upon 48 hours' notice. Therefore, counsel must notify the Court and their adversaries in writing of any potential scheduling conflicts – including, but not limited to, trials and vacations – that would prevent a trial at a particular time. Such notice must come before the Court notifies counsel of an actual trial date, not after counsel receives notification of the actual trial date. Counsel should notify the Court and all other counsel in writing, at the earliest possible time, of any scheduling problems involving out-of-town witnesses or other exigencies.
14. Where the parties resolve the case before the entry of judgment, they must submit a stipulation of discontinuance – signed by all parties – before the Court will remove the case from the trial calendar. If the parties settle within 48 hours of trial or the filing of a dispositive motion, they must immediately notify the Court of such settlement, and fax to the Court no less than 36 hours before their planned appearance, a stipulation of discontinuance, signed by all parties.

15. The next pretrial conference is scheduled for _____. **[To be filled in by Court after consultation with parties.]**

This ORDER may not be modified or the dates herein extended, except by further Order of this Court for good cause shown. Any application to modify or extend must be made in a written application in accordance with the Court's Individual Practices.

Dated: New York, New York

SO ORDERED.

Paul G. Gardephe
United States District Judge